cessing, etc. The repayment schedule as proposed by the companies have generally been accepted without making any scrutiny. However, the loans have been sanctioned by the Board or Chairmen *or* appropriate officials as per the powers vested in them.

(1) The analysis of the information furnished by the banks reveal that loans availed of by the 43 companies have not been utilised for subscription to 'F' series debentures of RIL. As reported by the borrowing companies to the bank's, an amount of Rs. 32.45 crores have been utilised towards purchase of yarn and fabrics. Amounts utilised for repayment of debt towards past purchases of shares and market borrowings aggregated Rs. 9.85 crores and Rs. 7.95 crores respectively. Utilisation of loans to the extent of Rs. 6.75 crores has not been ascertained by the concerned banks. As per RIL's submission, repayment of borrowing! debts in respect of earlier purchases of shares accounted for Rs. 14.88 crores while an amount of Rs. 4317 crores was utilised towards purchase of yarn and fabrics (credit for past purchases and current purchases). The data furnished by the borrowing companies to the banks also indicate that the investment creditors of certain borrowing companies which amounted to about Rs. 38 crores as on the 30th June 1985 prior to the availment of loans stood reduced to Rs. 0.50 crore as on the 31st December, 1985. These figures are a pointer to the use to which the funds drawn under the loans availed of from the banks have been put to. A test scrutiny carried out by RBI has also revealed that funds have been directly or indirectly transferred to the accounts of share brokers. On the basis of the above analysis, it would be fair inference to make that a significant portion of the banks loans has been utilised to sustain the purchases of shares made earlier by substituting credit raised elsewhere by bank credit.

(2) In sum, the loans granted have been secure and profitable from the point of view of banks. The repayments in the loans have been generally regular so far.

However, banks failed to adhere strictly to the guidelines of the Reserve Bank of India in determining the purpose and quantum of loans resulting in a fairly large amount of loams going to one group of companies from the banking system while in fact a proper scrutiny would have revealed that such large loans were not justified.

Prevention of Exploitation of Beedi Workers

138. SHRIMATIRATAN KUMARI: Will the Minister of LABOUR be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government have taken any fresh initiative for the prevention of exploitation of beedi workers in the country at the hands of employers, and ensure a better living conditions for beedi workers and their families; and

(b) if so, what are the details thereof?

THE MINISTER OF STATE OF THE MINISTRY OF LABOUR (SHRI P. A. SANGMA); (a) and (b) The Beedi & I Cigar Workers (Conditions of Employ-' ment) Act, 1966 is meant for regulating working conditions and employment of I beedi workers. The Act is implemented j by the State Governments. Implementation of the Act is reviewed periodically in tripartite forums by the Ministry of Labour.

State Governments have been advised that minimum' rates of wages should be reviewed and revised with in a period not exceeding two years or on a rise of 50 points in the C.P.I. Number whichever is earlier.

The Beedi Workers Welfare Fund has been constituted to improve the living conditions etc. of beedi workers. Medical aid, scholarship and assistance for housing is given to beedi workers from the Welfare fund.

Meetings of Tripartite Committee onLatoour for solving Beedi WorkersProblems

139. SHRI RAFIQUE ALAM: Will the
Minister of LABOUR be pleased to state:

(a) when the Tripartite Committee on ' Labour met last to discuss and solve the

problems of beedi workers in the country;

(b) when the minimum wages for beedi workers in the Allahabad region were last revised; and

(c) by when Government propose to revise the minimum wages for the beedi workers?

THE MINISTER OF STATE OF THE MINISTRY OF LABOUR (SHRI P. A SANGMA); (a) Meetings of Central Advisory Committee constituted under Beedi Workers Welfare Fund Act, 1976 and the Tripartite Committee to review the working of the Beedi and Cigar Workers (Conditions of Employment) Act, 1966 were held on 3rd January, 1986.

(b) and (c) Fixation of the minimum wages for the beedi workers falls, in *Stale* sphere. As such the requisite information is not available with the Central Government.

Fall in Prices of Natural Rubber

140. SHRI N. E. BALRAM: Will the Minister of COMMERCE be pleased to state;

(c) whether it is a fact that the prices of natural rubber has recently fallen very steeply;

(c) if so, to what extent; and

(d) what measures have been taken by the state Trading Corporation to hold the price at remunerative level?

THE MINISTER OF COMMERCE (SHRI P. SHIV SHANKAR); (a) and (D) Rubber prices, of RMA—IV grade, came down from Rs. 16,000|- per metric tonne on 16-9-1986 to Rs. 15,750 per metric tonne on the 16-10-1986 and have moved upto Rs. 15,850 on 24-10-1986.

(c) STC have undertaken price support operations as envisaged in the Buffer Stocking Scheme. Four depots at Cochin, Kottayam, Calicut and Trivandrum have been opened and purchase of RMA—• IV and RMA—V through Kerala State Coop. Rubber Marketing Federation and Kerala state Warehousing Corporation, at the notified prices, have been organised by STC.

Procurement of natural rubber by STC from Kerala

141. SHRI N. E. BALRAM: Will the Minister of COMMERCE be pleased to state;

(a) whether the State Trading Corporation has started procurement of natural rubber from Kerala; and

(b) if so, what is the target and Per unit price of procurement and the quantity of natural rubber procured so far?

THE MINISTER OF COMMERCE (SHRI P. SHIV SHANKAR); (a) Yes, Sir.

(b) STC has been authorised to procure natural rubber of RMA—IV and RMA—V grades at the unit price of Rs. 16,000/- and Rs. 15,500/- PMT respectively. No quantity restriction has been placed on • STC purchases. upto 28th October '86, 800 MTS have been procured.

Cut in Government Expenditure

142. SHRI N. E. BALRAM: Will **the** Minister of FINANCE be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government have decided to effect cut on Government expenditure; and

(b) if so, what are the details in this regard?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF FINANCE **(SHRI** JANARDHAN POOJARI)-, (a) and (b) It is a continuing process for the Government to initiate measures to curb inessential and non-productive expenditure. No formal instructions have however issued during the current financial year for effecting cut in the non-Plan and Plan expenditure voted by Parliament for **the** year 1986-87.